

The indispensable Weekly  
The Voice of the American Negro—The Premier Paper

# Negro World



# Negro World

A Newspaper Devoted Specially to the Interests of the Negro Race

VOL. X. No. 8.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1921

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## PEOPLE OF SANTIAGO THRILLED BY MARCUS GARVEY FOR TWO NIGHTS

### Hundreds Crowd Negro Cuban Club House to Hear of African Redemption—Old Liberty Hall Suddenly Becomes Too Small—A New Liberty Hall Secured in Three Days.

Sunday morning, the sixth of March, opened a new day in the history of Santiago de Cuba. The news circulated the town that His Excellency the Honorable Marcus Garvey was really visiting Santiago because a representative had preceded him from the city of Havana and at once elaborate preparations were begun under the superintendence of Mr. A. G. Burkle, the traffic manager of the Black Star Line sent from Havana.

then we ought to make our God and Jesus black men and our angels beautiful black girls," which kept the audience in a roar of applause and laughter for several minutes while the speaker, wiped the perspiration from his brow and cheeks and took a drink of water prior to proceeding.

## LIBERIAN PLENARY COMMISSION POPULAR AT THE CAPITOL

It was 10 o'clock in the morning with a warm sun shining when His Excellency received a visiting party consisting of Miss Clarice Walters, the local and active Lady President; Miss Ellen Walters, her sister; Mr. Robert French, the male vice-president, and Mrs. Elma Taylor, the latter an old acquaintance of His Excellency. The party was accompanied by Mr. Burkle, who made the introductions. The rest of the day was occupied with the arrangements for the sailing of the Lady Secretary for Kingston, Jamaica.

The fame of Marcus Garvey is a known fact in this beautiful land of the Antilles for the freedom of which the Negro Antonio Maceo was a foremost factor.

## GAG IN FORCE IN EGYPT

### "D. H." Interview With Zaglul Suppressed.

From Our Special Correspondent in Paris, Monday.—Zaglul's recent declarations to me on the Milner report, which were telegraphed to Egypt by the London correspondent of an Egyptian newspaper, have been suppressed by the British consularship.

## GREAT REVOLT IN THE CONGO

### Equatorial Blacks Rise in Mass.

From the Congo Free State comes news of a great native rebellion against the Belgians.

## MARCUS GARVEY GIVEN OVATION IN JAMAICA

### EXTRACTS FROM JAMAICA PAPER TELLING OF GREAT RECEPTION ACCORDED HON. MARCUS GARVEY IN KINGSTON—IS WELCOMED BY HOME TOWNSMEN AND ADDRESS OF EULOGY, SAYING THE UNIVERSAL NEGRO IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION, DESERVED SUPPORT BY EVERY AMBITIOUS NEGRO.

The Associated Press reports for March 21 stated that the Hon. Marcus Garvey, President-General of the Universal Negro Improvement Association, and Provisional President of Africa, and president of the Black Star Line, was addressing large and enthusiastic gatherings in Jamaica, British West Indies.

## INTEREST OF PEOPLE THERE REVIVED, AND MANY ADDITIONS ARE MADE TO BRANCHES OF THE ASSOCIATION IN THESE STATES

The Daily Gleaner, of Jamaica, before Mr. Garvey's arrival, told how great meetings were being arranged for him. This is what the Daily Gleaner said of the preparations for his coming: "Members of the longshoremen and

## THE UNREST GERM—THE LOVE OF LIBERTY IS AFFECTING THE DARKER RACES— MARCUS GARVEY SWEEPING JAMAICA

### A few days ago Mr. Arthur Brisbane, in the course of one of his brilliant editorials, referred to the "Unrest Germ" which has been sweeping over the world just as the Spanish influenza swept over it, spreading death and devastation, in the fall of 1918. Mr. Brisbane said:

"An uprising in the Congo region is the latest 'unrest' news. Fifty trading posts are burned and the black gentlemen are on the warpath. You will probably be told that Lenin and Trotsky started this. As H. G. Wells says, when a miner in England complains of the price of shoes for his children the Bolsheviks are accused of teaching him their doctrine."

## ENOGH JEFFERSON, UNCLE OF EDITOR OF THE WORLD PASSES AWAY AT AGE OF 78

### A Veteran of the Civil War, He Was Never Sick Until He Was Thrown by a Horse When He was 72.

Mr. Enoch Jefferson, the oldest living brother of the mother of Wm. H. Forris, the Literary Editor of the Negro World, died at his home at 701 DuPont street, Wilmington, Del., on Saturday evening, March 26, and was buried on the following Thursday afternoon.

## SPECIAL SUBSCRIPTION OFFER

Dear Reader:

Of course, you are interested in this newspaper. You try to get it every week in order to keep abreast of the times and in touch with the happenings in the world of Negroes, don't you? Has it ever occurred to you to take out a subscription? Perhaps you have had trouble securing your copy each week from a dealer, or it may be that there is no dealer in your town. On the other hand the agent in your city may fail to make his payments regularly in which case we are compelled to discontinue his supply and you may miss a copy. The Membership of the Universal Negro Improvement Association runs into millions, if about one-half of the Membership subscribed for the Negro World, we would have a circulation of about two million copies weekly. We want you to get your copy regularly, and the surest way is for you to subscribe for it. We are making this special offer of \$2.00 for one year's subscription any part of the United States, and \$2.50 foreign countries to secure at least one hundred thousand subscribers by June 30, 1921.

## HOWARD UNIVERSITY STUDENTS NOMINATED IN CONTEST

The battle for the presidency of the National Student Body of Howard University is being fought in the halls of the university. The contest is between the students of the university and the students of the city of Washington.

Those persons who have already subscribed for one year in response to the advertisement which appeared on this page will have the period extended two months in conformity with this special offer, which will expire June 30, 1921. Use the address in the right hand corner of this advertisement. Do it now!

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Negro World

60 West 135th Street, New York, Telephone Harlem 2317

A paper published every Saturday in the interest of the Negro race and the Universal Negro Improvement Association by the African Committee of the Universal Negro Improvement Association by the African Committee of the Universal Negro Improvement Association...

Subscription rates: Domestic \$2.00 per year, Foreign \$3.00 per year. Single copies 10 cents.

Price: Five cents in Greater New York, Seven cents elsewhere.

Correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper and send their names and addresses to the publisher...

Published by the African Committee of the Universal Negro Improvement Association, Inc., 60 West 135th Street, New York, N. Y.

Advertising rates on other pages.

The Negro World does not knowingly accept questionable or fraudulent advertising. Readers of the Negro World are earnestly requested to invite our attention to any failure on the part of an advertiser to adhere to any representation contained in a Negro World advertisement.

ACADEMIC FREEDOM IN NEGRO COLLEGES

We have received several letters relative to the Howard University Law School. One of the communications stated that the friends of one of the officials of the defunct Capitol Savings Bank of Washington, D. C., are embittered and active against Prof. William Richards of the Howard University Law School.

But the present situation in Howard University merges itself into a question which has already been faced in the larger white universities and which is beginning to loom up in the Negro colleges and universities, and that is the question of "academic freedom."

The professors in Yale and Harvard Universities enjoy some measure of academic freedom, that is, they can air their views on political and social problems without endangering their position in the university.

Not so, however, with Negro colleges or universities. We recall a letter from a professor in Howard University who has crossed the bar and joined the choir invisible. In that letter he sadly lamented the fact that he must tread on tiptoe and so he who like a burglar in the dark for fear of disturbing the slumber of some one.

Why the difference? The aim in the leading white universities is the full, free and complete development of the intellectual and moral powers of the student. For that reason the professors are inspired to give the student the best fruits of their study, observation, experience, research and investigation.

But in the Negro college or university the ideal has not been the full, free and complete intellectual and spiritual development of the Negro student, but the training of the Negro youth to know his place and teaching him not to strive for the unattainable. For this reason those Negro educators in the national capital who tried to incite the ideas and ideals which are inculcated in Yale, Harvard, Chicago University, Clark University and Oxford and Cambridge universities have been persona non grata.

THE NEGRO WORLD, SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1921

THE UNREST GERM—THE LOVE OF LIBERTY— IS AFFECTING THE DARKER RACES— MARCUS GARVEY SWEEPING JAMAICA

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opportunity for spiritual growth and economic development, the same as the descendants of the blue-eyed, flax-haired and blond Vikings.

The world is slowly but surely coming to the belief that Jesus' doctrine of the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man are like the law of gravitation: They are not limited to race or color, but are capable of a universal application everywhere.

When we read in Genesis, "God formed man of the dust of the earth, breathed into his nostrils the breath of life, and he became a living soul," and that God created man in the Divine image, it is well for us to remember that this applies to man as such, man per se, instead of only to the blond variety of mankind.

His Excellency the Hon. Marcus Garvey differs from Frederick Douglass, William Monroe, Truman, Dr. W. E. B. Du Bois, James Weldon Johnson, Prof. William P. Dickson, A. H. Grimké, who struck valiant blows for the manhood rights of American men of color, in two respects. First, he organized the U. N. I. A., which is a world-wide confraternity of men of African descent.

Secondly, the Hon. Marcus Garvey will not open headquarters in Washington, D. C., to function as president of all the black people everywhere, but the Rev. J. W. H. Eason, the American leader of the Christian Recorder, has a remarkable debate in Philadelphia, Pa., on April 4, Dr. W. E. B. Du Bois presented his case.

Now to the question at issue. We have thoroughly read and reread the constitution of the Universal Negro Improvement Association and find nothing therein that conflicts with the Constitution of the United States of America.

There is nothing in the Constitution of the United States of America (and we have heard the famous William Graham Summer of Yale University, Dean Robinson of the Catholic University and Dr. Phelps, U. S. Minister to the Court of St. James, comment upon it) which forbids American citizens going to Africa as missionaries, educators, importers, exporters or commercial developers or colonizers.

If the representatives of the Associated Negro Press had such knowledge of such clauses, we would be grateful for such information. We are not legal experts and are always glad for light from legal gnomes.

The Roman Catholic Church, with organizations in every civilized country in the world, with the seat of papal authority in Rome, Italy, shows that an organization non-political may function in several countries without disturbing the political equilibrium of the countries, in which it functions.

The statement that we are discussing says that Garvey's "Propaganda is stirring up American Negroes as they have never been stirred up before, so constituting him an undesirable alien."

As they have never been stirred up before, but how has he stirred them up? He has stirred them up to stop wasting their money in gay and riotous living and expensive clothes and invest it in business enterprises. He has stirred them up to form a world-wide organization. He has stirred them up to organize a Negro Factories Corporation.

He has stirred them up to start a Universal Construction Loan for the purpose of aiding the commercial and industrial development of Liberia. He has stirred them up to see in Africa not a continent of jungles and deserts, but a land teeming with unbounded vegetable and mineral wealth.

He has stirred them up to see in Africa not a savage or cannibal, but a human being created in the divine image, with infinite capacity for spiritual growth and development. He has stirred them up to see that by their deeds and achievements they must write a new page in the history of the race.

He has stirred them up to see that the God of Nature does not draw the color line, but estimates a man by his soul and measures a man by his mind.

We fail to see that there is anything in the so-called Garvey movement contrary to the Declaration of American Independence, the Constitution of the United States, the 13th, 14th and 15th row Wilson's famous declaration about democracy, justice, human dignity, civilization and self-determination which stirred the civilized world two and three years ago.

The same cannot be said of some Southern State constitutions. Dr. H. Wilcox Ellegor, the High Commissioner of the U. N. I. A., spoke officially for the Executive Council in the Negro World two weeks ago. There was nothing unconstitutional in that declaration. We sustain official relations with the African Communities League, the Negro Factories Corporation and the Black Star Line, which they are thoroughly American institutions.

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First, he organized the U. N. I. A., which is a world-wide confraternity of men of African descent. And through the Negro Factories Corporation, the Black Star Line and the Universal Construction Loan, he endeavored to put industrial props under the Negro and lay economic foundations for his future.

The Daily Gleaner, Jamaica's foremost paper, is publishing glowing reports of Mr. Garvey's triumphant lecture tour in Jamaica. His picture appeared on the front page, and the entire front page was devoted to him. We are glad that his native land is extending such a royal welcome and reception to the noted leader.

WILLIAM H. FERRIS IN CANADA

The Montreal and Toronto divisions of the U. N. I. A. are staging mammoth meetings for Prof. William H. Ferris, literary editor of the Negro World and author of "The African Abroad." Prof. Ferris will speak in Montreal on April 15 and 16 and in Toronto on April 17 and 18.

THE NEW YORK NEWS ON AGITATION

We read a very interesting editorial on "The Wrong Point of View" in the New York News last week. The New York News took issue with the Nation and preferred the term "colored" to the term "Negro."

INTEREST IN BLACK STAR SHOWN IN MONTE LIVO, P. I.

General Secretary, B. S. S. S. Enclosed find thirty-five dollars (\$35). This money is the effort of the Black Star Line in the U. N. I. A. who are desirous of helping the cause by purchasing shares in the B. S. S. S. The money was deposited for making the address of welcome and praise given to a committee of his fellow travelers.

SENSE IN RACIAL MATTERS

Prof. Wm. H. Ferris, literary editor, Negro World, 60 West 135th St., New York City.

CORRESPONDENCE

TO EVERY city and village in the world to gather the names and addresses of Negro organizations and send them to headquarters of the Universal Negro Improvement Association.

A MESSAGE FROM NIGERIA

OVERFLOW MEETING IN LIBERTY HALL HEARS CAPT. C. E. GAINS

Continued from Page 1

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GIRL EMPLOYEES IN TREASURY OPPOSE NEGRO AS REGISTER

Petition Asking Congressmen to Try to Prevent Such Appointment Signed by 508.

Washington, April 2.—The race riots in the Treasury Department today, and promises to give President Harding, Secretary Mellon and others in the new administration many unhappy days. Five hundred young women, clerks and stenographers of the office of the Register of the Treasury, have petitioned Congress to oppose a tentative program to put a Negro over them.

In response to this movement of the white workers of the Register's office, Negro editors charge that "prominent citizens" urge the appointment of Secretary Mellon has been informed of the situation and is trying to stop the race riot.

Five hundred and eight names are signed to the paper that has caused such a storm. Every member of Congress in Washington has been sent a copy of it and it was accompanied by a letter saying "Will you kindly give the enclosed your earnest attention?"

This petition does not come from any political party nor was it instigated by Southern prejudice. Northerners, Easterners, Southerners, Westerners, Democrats, Republicans, all alike have set their signatures here.

"The time of war it was thought inadvisable to put Negro officers in charge of white troops. In times of peace it would be equally inadvisable to give Negro jurisdiction over white citizens.

As citizens of the United States of America, we appeal you, members of Congress of these United States, to use your influence to prevent the appointment of a Negro as Register of the Treasury."

The petition, which was also addressed to Mrs. Virginia White, secretary of the National Woman's Republican Committee of the District of Columbia, says: "We, the undersigned, white women employees in the office of the Register of the Treasury, request that you and the Women's Republican party use your persuasion against the appointment of a Negro as Register of the United States Treasury."

"We have been definitely informed that the appointment of a colored man to the Register of the Treasury is being considered. The Register's office is now very large and is doing record-breaking business. It is estimated that more than 800 clerks, mostly ex-servicemen and white women, who are dependent upon their income for their support. For a Negro to have jurisdiction over these clerks would be intolerable."

"It is registered that colored men have served as Registers of the Treasury since the beginning of the Republic. Only four have been Negroes. At no time when this office was under the supervision of a colored man has there been a riot or any other disturbance. The colored men who have served as Registers of the Treasury are all men of high character and ability."

"The position of the Register of the Treasury pays only \$4,000 per year. This is a position of great honor and responsibility. It is a position that should be filled by a man of high character and ability. It is a position that should be filled by a man who is a native-born American. It is a position that should be filled by a man who is a member of the white race."

"The position of the Register of the Treasury is a position of great honor and responsibility. It is a position that should be filled by a man of high character and ability. It is a position that should be filled by a man who is a native-born American. It is a position that should be filled by a man who is a member of the white race."

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and that to his certain knowledge only one of the American Negroes, Mr. J. W. Brown, of New York, is a member of the American Negroes, and that only one of them is a national character, that is Mr. John B. Bruce, of Tennessee.

I am pleased to discover that the good Bishop, following his 1 per cent. plan, has not only been elected but has certainly packed the right character, as Mr. Bruce is a national character, and Mr. Brown is a national character. The Hon. J. D. Gordon, a national character, well educated, polished and known from coast to coast favorably.

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FAMILIAR FACES HAUNT CAPITAL

The familiar faces that are seen in Washington are those of a Republican Administration make its advent, are still peering around the avenue. No one can help but feel the indignity that must come upon the race when Negroes are called to fill positions of honor and responsibility.

We do thank God that we are here for we are men and glory in life and mean to live in it to the full. We are glad that the white people are the same kind of men—all Americans.

It makes living companionable. The Richmond Colored American. IRONQUILL.

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WART MEMORIAL OF BLACK CROSS NURSES PASSES AWAY

In a Demonstration of Interest—Harlem Seen No Such Funeral. The World was told in the Defender that the War Memorial of the Black Cross Nurses had passed away.

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Dr. J. D. Brooks Makes Okmulgee His Headquarters

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BRUCE GRITS COLUMN

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THE NEGRO WORLD, SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1921

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Advertisement for 'The Star Hair Grower' featuring a woman's portrait and text describing the product's benefits for hair growth and styling.

Advertisement for 'Synthex Gem' hair cream, highlighting its 'FREE' status and 'To Wear 10 Days' feature, with a list of agents.

Advertisement for 'Laundry' services, including 'CLEANING AND PRESSING' and 'Wet Wash, Rough Dry, Flat Work, Finished Work, and Clothes of every description are cleaned here.'

Advertisement for 'Universal Steam Laundry' located at 62 West 142d Street, featuring 'Wet Wash, Rough Dry, Flat Work, Finished Work, and Clothes of every description are cleaned here.'

Advertisement for 'Ladies-Ladies-Ladies' hair salon, offering '500 Women to Learn' and 'The French and American Way of Hairdressing at Inez Beauty College.'

Advertisement for 'The Star Hair Grower' featuring a woman's portrait and text describing the product's benefits for hair growth and styling.

Advertisement for 'Ethiopian Engineering Assn., Inc.' located at 226 West 138th Street, New York City, offering 'Attention READ THIS! READ THIS!' and listing services for electrical power, lighting, and traction plants.

Advertisement for 'The Universal Negro Ritual and Catechism' by the S.S. 'Phyllis Wheatley' and 'Sailing on or about April 23rd', featuring 'PASSENGERS' and 'BLACK STAR LINE'.





LOS CUERPOS DE NUEVE NEGRO ASESINATOS DESENTERRADOS EN GEORGIA

Cinco Cadaveres Multidados Desenterrados de Sepulcros Someras Sobre Plantaciones de Prisioneros—Cuatro se Encuentran al Rio—Tres Hijos del Plantador Tambien Arrestados por Haber Orendados Los Asesinatos.

Atlanta, Marzo 26.—Los cuerpos de cinco Negros fue desenterrados hoy sobre la plantacion del estado de Georgia por el Sr. Juan Guillermo por agentes del Departamento de Justicia, inducido por Clyde Manning, un Negro que Guillermo habia empleado y quien confiesa habiendo empleado a Guillermo en matando los Negros. Otro cuerpo se hablo en el Rio Alcoy.

Con los cuerpos hallados hoy el total de los que han sido desenterrados hace quince dias segun la investigacion en el estado de Jasper, los de tres Negros habiendo encontrado algunas semanas antes en el Rio Amarillo encadenados y sobrepajados con piedras. Los agentes del Departamento de Justicia anuncian esta noche que continuaran buscando por dos mas cadaveres tirados en el Rio Alcoy, segun la declaracion de Manning. El cuerpo tomado del Rio Alcoy habia sido encadenado y sobrepajado lo mismo como los que hallaron en el Rio Amarillo. De los cinco desenterrados las cabezas de cuatro habian sido apiladas con una hacha u otro instrumento de esta clase. El quinto Negro, dicen los oficiales, fue tirado.

Guillermo esta al carcel sobre una orden del Estado, acusandole de asesinato y sus tres hijos, Julio, Haynes y Marvin fue arrestados.

Condujeron a Manning al plantacion de Guillermo, para sustanciar su confesion al respecto que el mismo mato cuatro Negros ayudando en la muerte de los otros al direccion de Guillermo. Mientras las busqueda la compania de Jackson de la Guardia Nacional de Georgia quedo armado en preparacion para cualquier oposicion contra los agentes del Departamento de Justicia.

Guillermo renuncio al tenor parte en las muertes de los Negros y declaro que un vital feudo de familia resulto en un conspiracion con motivo de que lo pegan preso.

Guillermo fue arrestado cuando descubrieron los cuerpos de los tres Negros en el Rio Amarillo. Manning que tomara como testigo, confeso, segun la policia luego que lo pusieron en el carcel, que once Negros en todos habian matados y los cadaveres enterrados en la plantacion. Los nombres asesinados estaban todas empalmados por Guillermo, es alegado decir y el motivo de esto asesinato fue que los hombres por el mal trato, hambre y trabajos duros amenazaban a dejar la plantacion e informar a las autoridades que Guillermo violaba la ley de peonaje.

PREMIO DE ARTE GANADO POR UN NEGRO DESPENSERO

Chicago, Marzo 26.—Que el Sr. Paolo Marcano Duhan contribuido a la poesia, escultura y billed Form a musica otro premio de arte en el arte de fotografia. King D. Ganaway, despensero en el "World Hotel" de Chicago gano primer premio por su cuadro "La Alma de un Artista" en la exhibicion de pintura "Trabaja" en Filadelfia. El Sr. Marcano competidores a combatir la guerra, siendo artistas celebrados.

Este cuadro cuyo titulo menciona "Trabaja" es un cuadro de campo, representando un alio y una tina en una cascada bajo una mata de manzanas. Este artista gano en Tennessee. Fue diez y seis años fue empleado por la Sra. Eduardo P. Loveno.

En tanto que se celebran las exposiciones de arte, su inspiracion se encuentra en el mundo y el mundo en la ciudad. Gomo en pasando su vida en el Rio Chicago donde elevaron fantasmas, vapores hinchados, humo y puestas parecandose a gigantes, pierden sus fros lineas con el mundo en estado de admiracion en el mundo.

Este cuadro "La Alma de un Artista" es un cuadro de campo, representando un alio y una tina en una cascada bajo una mata de manzanas. Este artista gano en Tennessee. Fue diez y seis años fue empleado por la Sra. Eduardo P. Loveno.

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LA REPUBLICA DE LAIBIRIA

El Sr. J. R. Austin, Ingeniero de Minas Dar un Descripcion Brillante de Libiria.

Libiria es esa seccion del pal situado a la costa occidental de Africa extendiendo desde la Capa Palmas a un poco mas al occidental que la Capa Monte. Por estas hay algunas colonias de los Negros la mayoria de los pobladores originales siendo gentes de los Estados Unidos y Las Indias Occidentales.

Las posesiones son, Monrovia, el capital de Libiria, Capa Palmas, Capa Mesurado, Capa Monte, Rio Junk, Gran Bassa y Sinoon y otras ciudades for la costa. La distancia entre ellas varia desde 50 a 100 millas y la unica posibilidad de comunicacion es por los barcos de la costa. Capa Palma incluido bajo el titulo general de Libiria, fue establecido por una compania de Negros inteligentes de Maryland.

Este territorio sobre ambos orillas del Rio Cayalla y del oceano de la ciudad de Netae, que es cerca de 80 millas de la boca del rio, en la vecindad inmediata de Capa Palmas. Entre una area de 30 millas hay una poblacion cerca de 25,000 hasta 40,000 gentes.

Viajando hacia el interior de la capa, una distancia de casi 45 a 50 millas, se encuentra una poblacion de no menos que 100,000 gentes naturales, la mayoria, estoy seguro, estan ansiosos para gozar la prosperidad de educacion y civilizacion de comercio y cristianismo.

El pais por Capa Palmas y a lo largo de la costa de Libiria es muy bonito y fertil, con campos azulescandolos al mar por intervalos, algunas cast una milla en largura, y la gran cultura de elevacion es aproximadamente 100 a 200 pies. Mirando de la orilla del mar la tierra se ascende gradualmente hasta que la altura distante se corona con un follaje grande y exuberante de selvas densas y maderos tropical.

La Republica de Libiria ha sido dignamente bien, crecido rapidamente y gora ahora los buenos de un gobierno cristiano, fuerte. Libiria, en el propio sentimiento del nombramiento se aplica a todos los establecimientos por la Costa Occidental de Africa que habia fundido por Negros de los Estados Unidos y las Indias Occidentales. Andando al sur de Monrovia, la capita de la republica, por cerca de 100 millas o mas interior el region esta habitado por la raza "Bassa" y sus ramificaciones, numerando mas que 200,000 de almas y hablando un lenguaje comun. Son tranquilos, domesticos, industriosos. Después de muridos todos los negros se proveen un sobrante largo de arroz, aceite, ganados y otros articulos de uso comun para exportacion.

El lenguaje "Graybo" que usan por la Capa Palmas ha sido reducido una forma de escritura, y algunos miles de libros de copias de once diferentes obras han publicado y distribuido.

Hay como 200,000 originales entre 50 o 70 millas de Capa Palmas y como un regio, quieren aprovecharlos en educacion y civilizacion.

Los "Vela" ocupan 50 millas de costa extendiendo del rio Gallena, 100 millas norte de Monrovia y aumentando sur a o la Montana Grande. El territorio corre de la costa del mar cerca de 30 millas y hay como 30,000 en poblacion.

Seguramente esto era un gran brigar para fundir un estado de Negros. Desgraciadamente al principio muchos de los blancos estaban mas ansiosos para despojar los Negros de los Estados Unidos con motivo de hacer mejor cuando estaban fuera de ella, y muchas veces algunos gentes de color consigieron trasportacion a Libiria de donde los Americanos habian librados pero de quien Libiria no pudiera jactarse.

Pero la ley de sobrevivir los mas propios resulto en los buenos de los gentes de Libiria, botandos los escombros al fondo.

En todas direcciones la republica progreso extendiendose; por cada ano rango viva y energia nueva se han plantados entre la vida de comercio así como la vida social de las gentes de la Republica. Y así Inglaterra, America y todos los otros potencias reconocen la Republica como un gobierno libre e independiente y mandan ministros residentes alla.

Los ojos de todos estan sobre esta Republica ahora como una estrella de esperanza para los Negros, que son ambos oprimidos y libre en este mundo Unido y todas otras partes del mundo.

La Republica esta estableciendose y extendiendose y su poblacion cristiana estan juntos con los naturales tanto paganos como mahometanos, así la Republica tiene una influencia fuerte de misioneros y su condicion religiosa, moral, es algo de importancia para la iglesia. Por esto la Mision de Proclama cristianas en Libiria son asociada a la fundacion y prosperidad de la Republica así mismo para la proteccion y la buena de los misioneros. Se pararon la educacion cristiana de los gentes es la obra legitima de los misioneros.

El gobierno de la Republica de Libiria que estar formado sobre el modelo del gobierno de los Estados Unidos, que son ambos oprimidos y libre en este mundo Unido y todas otras partes del mundo.

EUROPE SPIRITUALLY STARVED; WHITE RACES ARE IN PERIL

CHICAGO, March 25.—"Hacé Europe lie education standards of America the war would have been impossible. "And the revolution that followed the war would not have occurred had your standards—democratic, spiritual and moral—been fostered in Europe.

Such was the statement made by Bishop Nicholas Volmerovic, of Serbia, said to be one of the best known churchmen in Europe, in a speech here. His mission is to depict the European situation from a spiritual and moral point of view, to preach the doctrine of Christian unity.

"This was the doctrine that during the war enabled men of different races and creeds to stand shoulder to shoulder in defense of the same ideals," he said.

"Europe is spiritually starving. And all of its suffering, its hatred of man for man, comes from a darkened spiritual vision of God. The European university educates only the head, and the question of conduct is entirely divorced from knowledge.

"American education lays stress on moral conduct and spiritual development; the schools of Europe, except in England, foster in young souls a spirit of egotism and chauvinism, a selfish disregard of others.

"Had Europe your educational standards I'm sure the war would have been impossible.

The bishop said that spiritual and moral leadership, as well as material aid, must come from America for the religious rebuilding of Europe.

"Europe has faith in America largely because of her coming into the world from reasons other than those of personal gain," he continued, "and it looks to America for this leadership."

He pointed out that America cannot afford to disregard Europe's need because of the necessity for the preservation of the white race.

"With Bolshevism on one side and the encroaching of the yellow race and the Mohammedans on the other, the white race is in imminent peril," he asserted.

MOB LYNCHES NEGRO AS JURY DISAGREES

Black Accused of Murder of Two Kentuckians.

VERSAILLES, Ky., March 13.—Richard James, negro, charged with the murder of Ben T. Rogers and Homer Nave, at Midway, this county, on Oct. 2, last, was taken from the Woodford County jail by a mob early this morning, and hanged from a tree, two miles from this city.

The mob, composed of about 50 men, came to Versailles between 1 and 2 o'clock this morning by automobile. A guard was placed around the jail and four men went to the door, aroused John T. Edgar, the jailer, took his keys and went to the negro's cell, where they overcame the prisoner after a short struggle. In which a blackjack was used by one member of the quartet. James was taken in an automobile to the intersection of the Frankfort and Midway pike, two miles from Versailles, and hanged to a tree.

The trial of the Negro for the murder of Rogers and Nave, who were employed as guards at a Midway distillery, ended Saturday night, when the jury reported to Circuit Judge R. L. Stout that it was unable to reach a verdict. The jury had decided that James was guilty, but could not agree on the penalty.

The two guards were killed while defending the distillery from an attack by a party of armed men who were attempting to remove whisky James was said to have been a member of the attacking force.

COLORED INTERCOLLEGIATE ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION'S TENTH ANNUAL MEETING

By CHARLES H. WILLIAMS

Hampton, Va., April 3.—The Colored Intercollegiate Athletic Association held its tenth annual meeting in Richmond, at Virginia Union University. It denounced gambling and advocated the development of physical education.

It voted to become a member of the National Collegiate Athletic Association and to raise the dues from \$2.50 to \$5 for each school so as to carry out its developing program.

M. T. Dean and Dr. W. E. Morrison, representing Howard University; James O. Randolph, Lincoln University; G. W. Barco and T. L. Hickman, Union University; W. A. Rogers, L. H. Foster, C. W. Florence and T. L. Puryear, Virginia Normal and Industrial Institute; J. R. Hunt, Virginia Theological Seminary and College, and Charles H. Williams, Hampton Institute—these men attended the meeting.

The association, organized in 1912 by representatives of Howard, Lincoln, Union, Shaw and Hampton, aims "to promote the physical welfare of the students in colored educational institutions of higher grade; to foster athletic games and contests in connection with the same; to formulate from time to time and to recommend for adoption by the various authorities controlling athletics in these institutions such regulations as will tend, not only to promote clean, manly sport, but also to maintain scholarship; and to adopt and enforce uniform rules governing all games played and met held under the auspices of this association."

Year after year, as the result of the influence of the association, the standards of athletic games have been raised, until the public, as well as the participants, insists upon clean sport. The appreciation of the Negro public is clearly shown by the thousands who witness the big classic football and basketball games.

Association Denounces Betting. During the past football season at several games betting was common along the sides lines among the spectators. Students and even players are also said to have wagered their summer earnings. At one game, where students lost several hundred dollars, the officials were blamed and attempts were made, it is said, to do them bodily harm. At another game fights broke out over the officials' decision and completely broke up the game. One

PENROSE FAVORS BILL

Washington, March 26.—Senator Penrose today assured a delegation from Philadelphia that he favored an equal rights bill pending in the Pennsylvania Legislature, of which Representative Asbury, a Negro member of the General Assembly, is the author.

"I see no reason why the colored man and colored woman should not be able to obtain a cup of coffee at Childs if they want to," said Senator Penrose, "or, for that matter, go to hotels, cafes, restaurants or other public places frequented by white persons."

"The time has long since passed when there should be any discrimination or repression toward our colored citizens. They are entitled to their rights as citizens under the Constitution. They are free men under the Constitution and I believe they are entitled to full commercial and political freedom of action, especially in regard to the public accommodations and utilities."

Senator Penrose said that he had assured his visitors that he would use his influence to get the Equal Rights bill passed in the Pennsylvania Legislature.

"I am glad to be able to use what influence I possess at Harrisburg," he concluded, "to secure the passage of the Equal Rights bill, which has been hanging fire too long. I am glad to assist the men and women of the colored race to remove the inequality and discrimination to which they are now subjected."

PHIL H. BROWN GETS APPOINTMENT

Phil H. Brown, veteran newspaperman of Chicago, has been appointed Commissioner of Conciliation in place of the head of the Department of Negro Economics, a former branch of the Department of Labor, formerly held by Dr. Haynes. Phil Brown is the first colored man, whose appointment has yet been made public. Public opinion here endorses Mr. Brown's appointment highly. It is sure that he will make good.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Numerous complaints have reached this Office from persons who have paid over money to impostors, claiming to be Agents of this Company, and for that reason, we now issue this SPECIAL WARNING that no money should be paid unless credentials are shown bearing the original signatures of the Hon. Marcus Garvey, President, or of Mr. O. M. Thompson, Vice-President, with the corporate seal of the Company attached. This Company neither will nor should accept their money direct to this office. Make Money Orders payable to "BLACK STAR LINE, INC." The Mail Order Department of this Corporation will immediately acknowledge the receipt of all remittances and will forward certificates or receipts at once.

CALLS CHARGES "FRAME UP"

Accused Planter Denies He Had Part in Killings.

Monticello, Ga., March 29.—John E. Williams, the wealthy planter on whose vast acres the federal authorities and county officials discovered the bodies of eleven murdered Negro farmhands, tearfully protests in his cell in Fulton Tower, Atlanta, that the entire wholesale murder plan was executed in a frame-up to "get" him.

Yet, the Department of Justice men say, it is a strange fact that the eleven murdered field hands were among the twelve who described conditions to them some time ago when they were investigating poonage charges against Williams.

The twelfth Negro questioned in this quiet round-up of evidence is still alive—Clyde Manning—the one said by the police to have confessed to killing several of the eleven workmen.

Held Motive Established. Thus, the authorities, contend, they have established a motive to support the indictments voted by the Newton county grand jury against Williams.

Williams is a huge man, and the Negroes who told the federal officers about conditions on the plantation appeared to be in mortal fear of him. It was this fear, for his own life that caused Manning to obey Williams' alleged orders in killing his fellow farmhands, according to the confession the county authorities ascribe to Manning.

"I didn't want to kill anybody," Manning is quoted as saying. "But Mr. John Williams told me if I didn't kill them he would kill me. I know he meant what he said. He beat me lots of times. I thought of running away then, but I ain't had more than 50 cents at one time for a year."—Columbus Citizen.

NEGRO LITERATURE FOR NEGRO BAPTISTS

We have just received a shipment containing specimen copies of Sunday school periodicals prepared by the National Baptist Board at Nashville, Tenn. This institution is the largest of its kind owned by Negroes in the world. Its founder, secretary and present manager, Rev. R. H. Boyd, D. D., has demonstrated marked ability as a constructive genius. He believes in Negro literature for Negro children, because, as he contends, while it instills denational and race pride, at the same time it teaches the children the simplicity of the gospel of the lowly Nazarene and makes them 100 per cent. Americans. The National Baptist Publishing Board's literature is produced from printer's devil to editor, even on the printing presses, by Negroes, and is, therefore, head and shoulders above any other literature from this particular denomination. What we received consists of a full supply of modern Sunday school literature, with modern methods.

EAST LIBERTY DIVISION, U. N. I. A. GOES OVER THE TOP VIEWING THE U. N. I. A. MOTION PICTURES.

Wednesday, March 23, 1921, was a gala day for East Liberty Division U. N. I. A. Members and friends turned out early, long before opening time at Arcade Hall. The hall was filled to its

START A BRANCH

Seven or More Colored Persons Should Get Together Now and Start A Branch of the Universal Negro Improvement Association

IN THE FOLLOWING STATES WASHINGTON, OREGON, IDAHO, MONTANA, WYOMING, SOUTH DAKOTA, NORTH DAKOTA, NEBRASKA, KANSAS, COLORADO, UTAH, NEVADA, ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO, OKLAHOMA, ARKANSAS, MISSOURI, LOUISIANA, IOWA, MINNESOTA, WISCONSIN, INDIANA, ILLINOIS, KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE, WEST VIRGINIA, GEORGIA, ALABAMA, MISSISSIPPI, FLORIDA, SOUTH CAROLINA, NORTH CAROLINA, TEXAS.

For further information write to office of Right-Hon. Sec.-Gen., Universal Negro Improvement Association, 96 West 189th Street, New York.

LOOK! LOOK!!

Do you want to save money? If so, eat at THE UNITY RESTAURANT 105 WEST 189th STREET, Near Liberty Hall Here you get your money's worth. Home cooking and service. Special on Sundays. J. E. MASCOR, Prop., Member, U. N. I. A.

Real Estate and Employment Agency

Houses for Sale—Very Easy Terms Also Male and Female Help Wanted for Domestic or Commercial Service. Phone Prospect 4114 415-A Carlton Ave., Brooklyn

MOTOR TRUCK QUICK DELIVERY

Light and Heavy Hauling Orders Receive Prompt Attention PHONE: HARLEM 2977 U. N. I. A. TRUCK Two Trips Made Downtown Daily ALPHONSO JONES 58 WEST 136th STREET U. N. I. A. BUILDING

NEGRO IS BRANDED BY TEXAS KU KLUX

Hotel Porter Is First Horsewhipped for Being Found in White Woman's Room. Dallas, Texas, April 3 (United Press).—Fifteen masked men early today seized Alex Johnson, Negro, alleged to have been found in a white woman's room at a hotel, and carried him out of the city. After horsewhipping and branding into his forehead the symbols of the Ku Klux Klan "as a warning to other Negroes," they brought him back and released him.

The symbols "K. K. K." were painted on the Negro's forehead with acid after he was lashed with a black-anaks whip. Upon being released near the hotel in which his alleged offense was committed, he was ordered to tell other employees what had happened to him.

Fred D. Ball and Paul Jones, two newspaper men, were "kidnapped" by the masked men, blindfolded, taken along with the crowd in automobiles and commanded to act as press agents for the affair.

Ball and Jones each received a myriaterious telephone call to come to a department store corner, for an "important story." The man who did the telephoning was so insistent that he finally convinced both it was not an April fool joke. They received no information as to what the "story" would be, they declared, but after appearing on the corner were met and taken into an automobile blindfolded.

After riding several miles, the reporters said, the blindfolds were snatched from their eyes. A Negro surrounded by masked, well dressed men, stood beneath a tree, a rope around his neck.

A "trial" was then conducted after the manner described in stories of the followers of the fiery cross in post-Civil War times. During this "trial" Johnson was alleged to have confessed.

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